# WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of suppressing, inhibiting, or reducing the incidence of premalignant lesions of prostate cancer in a human, comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

$$R_{1} \longrightarrow C = C \longrightarrow R_{2}$$

$$CH_{2}$$

$$CH_{2}CI$$

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(I)

wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, which can be the same or different, are H or OH; R<sub>3</sub> is OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, wherein R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub>, which can be the same or different, are H or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms.

2. A method of treating a human with pre-malignant lesions of prostate cancer, comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

$$R_1$$
 $C=C$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $CH_2$ 

(I)

- wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, which can be the same or different, are H or OH; R<sub>3</sub> is OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>, wherein R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub>, which can be the same or different, are H or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms.
- 3. The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said compound of formula (I) is toremifene, its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof.
- 4. The method according to any of claims 1, or 2, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises about 20 mg of the compound of formula (I).
- 5. The method according to any of claims 1 or 2, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises about 40 mg of the compound of formula (I).
  - 6. The method according to any of claims 1 or 2, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises about 60 mg of the compound of formula (I).

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- 7. The method according to any of claims 1, 2, or 3, wherein the premalignant lesion is a precancerous precursor of prostate adenocarcinoma.
- 8. The method according to claim 7, wherein the precancerous precursors of prostate adenocarcinoma is prostate intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN).
  - 9. The method according to claim 8, wherein the prostate intraepithelial neoplasia is high grade prostate intraepithelial neoplasia (HGPIN).
- 10. A method of suppressing, inhibiting, or reducing the incidence of premalignant lesions of prostate cancer in a human comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising an analog or a metabolite of a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its Noxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c} R_{3} \\ \\ R_{1} \\ \\ C \\ CH_{2} \\ \\ CH_{2}Cl \end{array}$$

20 (I)

wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which can be the same or different, are H or OH;  $R_3$  is  $OCH_2CH_2NR_4R_5$ , wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$ , which can be the same or different, are H or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms.

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11. A method of treating a human with pre-malignant lesions of prostate cancer, comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising an analog or a metabolite of a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R_3 \\ \hline \\ R_1 \hline \\ \hline \\ C=C \\ \hline \\ CH_2 \\ CH_2Cl \end{array}$$

10 (I)

wherein  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which can be the same or different, are H or OH;  $R_3$  is  $OCH_2CH_2NR_4R_5$ , wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$ , which can be the same or different, are H or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms.

25 1-butene.

13. The method according to any of claim 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises about 20 mg of the analog or a metabolite of the compound of formula (I).

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- 14. The method according to any of claim 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises about 40 mg of the analog or a metabolite of the compound of formula (I).
- 15. The method according to any of claim 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises about 60 mg of the analog or a metabolite of the compound of formula (I).
- 16. The method according to any of claims 10 or 11, wherein the pre-malignant lesion is a precancerous precursor of prostate adenocarcinoma.
  - 17. The method according to claim 16, wherein the precancerous precursors of prostate adenocarcinoma is prostate intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN).
- 18. The method according to claim 17, wherein the prostate intraepithelial neoplasia is high grade prostate intraepithelial neoplasia (HGPIN).
  - 19. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- 20. The method according to claim 19, wherein said carrier is selected from the group consisting of a gum, a starch, a sugar, a cellulosic material, and mixtures thereof.
- 30 21. The method according to any of claims1, or 10, wherein said administering

comprises subcutaneously implanting in said human a pellet containing said pharmaceutical composition.

- 22. The method according to claim 21, wherein said pellet provides for controlled release of said pharmaceutical composition over a period of time.
- 23. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said administering comprises intravenously, intraarterially, or intramuscularly injecting into said
   human said pharmaceutical composition in liquid form.
  - 24. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said administering comprises orally administering to said human a liquid or solid preparation containing said pharmaceutical composition.

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- 25. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said administering comprises topically applying to skin surface of said human said pharmaceutical composition.
- 26. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is selected from the group consisting of a pellet, a tablet, a capsule, a solution, a suspension, an emulsion, an elixir, a gel, a cream, and a suppository.
- 25 27. The method according to claim 26, wherein said suppository is a rectal suppository or a urethral suppository.
  - 28. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is a parenteral formulation.

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- 29. The method according to claim 28, wherein said parenteral formulation comprises a liposome.
- 30. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical
  composition is administered once daily.
  - 31. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is administered twice daily.
- 32. The method according to any of claims 1, or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is administered thrice daily.